

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

(Following Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006 & (EC) No 1272/2008)

SDS Number: 805 Date of first issue: 19 December 2019 Date of last revision: 26 February 2025

### Section 1 - Identification of product

### 1.1 - Identification of Product

Tradenames: FireMaster MarineFlex Adhesive Component B,

#### 1.2 - Use of Product

# 1.3 - Identification of Company

IDENTIFICATION OF THE MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Morgan Advanced Materials Industries Limited PO Box 146109 Plot No : KHIA 4- 07A Khalifa Industrial Zone, Abu Dhabi United Arab Emirates

#### Website

www.morganthermalceramics.com sds.tc@morganplc.com

### 1.4 - Emergency information

Tel 1: +971 (2) 550 4322 Language: English

Opening hours: Only available durinf office hours

### Section 2 - Hazard Identification

# 2.1 - Classification of the substance/ mixture

2.1.1 CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO SAFEWORK AUSTRALIA Not classified as hazardous according to the criteria of Safework Australia Not classified as a dangerous good according to the criteria of the ADG Code

2.1.2 CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO GHS Rev 7.

Not classified

## 2.2 - Labelling Elements

Not applicable

# 2.3 - Other hazards which do not result in classification

# Section 3 - Composition / Information On Ingredients

COMPONENT	%	CAS Number	REACH Registration Number	Hazard Classification according to CLP
Potassium Magnesium Aluminium Silicate	>99.9	Not Applicable	Not yet available	Not classified
Quartz	<0.1	14808-60-7	Not yet available	

# Section 4 - First-Aid measures

# Skin

In case of skin irritation rinse affected areas with water and wash gently. Do not rub or scratch exposed skin.

In case of eye contact flush abundantly with water; have eye bath available. Do not rub eyes. Seek medical attention is irritation persists.

# Nose and Throat

If these become irritated move to a dust free area, drink water and blow nose. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

## 4.2 - Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No symptoms or effects expected either acute or delayed

# 4.3 - Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

No special treatment required, if exposure occurs wash exposed areas to avoid irritation.

# Section 5 - Fire-fighting measures

## 5.1 - Extinguishing media

Non-combustible products. Fire protection class: 0

Packaging and surrounding materials could be combustible.

Use extinguishing agent suitable for surrounding combustible materials.

# 5.2 - Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible products,

# 5.3 - Advice for firefighters

Packaging and surrounding materials may be combustible.

### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

# 6.1 - Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Where abnormally high dust concentrations occur, provide the workers with appropriate protective equipment as detailed in section 8. Restore the situation to normal as quickly as possible.

#### 6.2 - Environmental precautions

Prevent further dust dispersion for example by damping the materials. Do not flush spillage to drain and prevent from entering natural watercourses. Check for local regulations, which may apply

### 6.3 - Methods and materials for containment and clean up

Pick up large pieces and use a vacuum cleaner. If brushes are used, ensure that the area is wetted down first. Do not use compressed air for clean up. Do not allow to become windblown.

#### 6.4 - Reference to other sections

For further information, please refer to sections 7 and 8

# Section 7 - Handling and storage

#### 7.1 - Precautions for safe handling

Handling can be a source of dust emission and therefore the processes should be designed to limit the amount of handling. Whenever possible, handling should be carried out under controlled conditions (i.e., using dust exhaust system).
Regular good housekeeping will minimise secondary dust dispersal.

## 7.2 - Conditions for safe storage

Store in original packaging in dry area whilst awaiting use

Avoid damaging packaging.

Recyclable cardboard and/or plastic films are recommended for packaging.

# 7.3 - Specific end use

The main application of these products is as thermal insulation. Please refer to your local Morgan Thermal Ceramics' supplier.

# Section 8 - Risk Management Measures / Exposures Controls / Personal Protection

### 8.1 - Control parameters

Removing dried material after use may generate respirable dust.

Industrial hygiene standards and occupational exposure limits vary between countries and local jurisdictions. Check which exposure levels apply to your facility and comply with local regulations. If no regulatory dust or other standards apply, a qualified industrial hygienist can assist with a specific workplace evaluation including recommendations for respiratory protection.

Examples of national OELs (October 2024) are given in the table below. Additional references and/or updates can be found on the following websites:

COUNTRY	Total Dust (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Resp Dust (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	<b>Quartz</b> (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Cristobalite (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Source
India	No limit set	No limit set	*	*	Directorate General Factory Advice Service & Labour Industries (DFGASLI)
China					GBZ 2.1-2019
Japan					The Japan Society for Occupational Health (JSOH)
Korea					K-OSHA Value
UAE	10	4	0.025	0.025	Abu Dhabi Occupational Safety and Health System Framework (OSHAD-SF) v 3.0 July 2016 (withdrawn) and appropriate standards
Australia	10		0.05	0.05	Workplace Exposure Standards for Airbourne Contaminants, Dec 2019

<sup>\*</sup>see appropriate calculations in Schedule 2 of the Factories Act 1948

#### Information on monitoring procedures

United Kingdom

MDHS 14/4 - "General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols" MDHS 101 - "Crystalline silica in respirable airborne dusts"

NIOSH 0500 "Particulates not otherwise regulated, total"

NIOSH 0600 "Particulates not otherwise regulated, respirable"

NIOSH 7500 " Silica, Crystalline, by XRD (filter redeposition)"

#### 8.2 - Exposure controls

### 8.2.1 APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Review your applications in order to identify potential sources of dust exposure.

Local exhaust ventilation, which collects dust at source, can be used. For example down draft tables, emission controlling tools and materials handling equipment.

Keep the workplace clean. Use a vacuum cleaner. Avoid brushing and compressed air.

If necessary, consult an industrial hygienist to design workplace controls and practices.

The use of products specially tailored to your application(s) will help to control dust. Some products can be delivered ready for use to avoid further cutting or machining. Some could be pretreated or packaged to minimise or avoid dust release during handling Consult your supplier for further details

# 8.2.2 - Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face protection:

Normally not necessary

Skin protection:

Normally not necessary

If applicable leather gloves and protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes, long-sleeved protective working garments)

Respiratory protection:

Normally not necessary

If OEL's are exceeded, if applicable, filter P2 (EN143), observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

## 8.2.3 - Environmental Exposure Controls

Refer to local, national or European applicable environmental standards for release to air water and soil.

For waste, refer to section 13

# Section 9 - Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State Colour Odour

Odour threshold pH Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling point range

Flash point
Evaporation rate
Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapour pressure
Vapour density
Relative density
Solubility(ies)
Partition co-efficient: n-octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Other safety information

Particle Characteristics
Explosive properties

Oxidising properties

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

#### 10.1 - Reactivity

The material is stable and non reactive.

### 10.2 - Chemical Stability

The product is inorganic, stable and inert

### 10.3 - Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None

### 10.4 - Conditions to Avoid

Please refer to handling and storage advice in Section 7

# 10.5 - Incompatible Materials

None

## 10.6 - Hazardous decomposition products

Not Applicable

# Section 11 - Toxicological information

## Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution

# 11.1 - Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Experimental studies for crystalline silica

Animals exposed to very high concentrations of crystalline silica, artificially or by inhalation, have reported fibrosis and tumours (IARC Monographs 42 and 68). Inhalation and intratracheal installation of crystalline silica in rats caused lung cancer. However, studies in other species such as mice and hamsters caused no lung cancer. Crystalline silica also caused fibrosis in rats and hamsters in several inhalation and intratracheal installation studies.

# ACUTE TOXICITY

Lethal dose 50 % (LD50) / lethal concentration 50% (LC50): N.A.

# 11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties: no known effects.

Other hazards: none known

Brown powder Brown None Not applicable Not applicable > 1300°C Not applicable Not soluble in water Not applicable Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable Not Applicable

No further relevant information available.

mixture does not contain any intentionally added particles in the nanomaterial range

Not applicable Not applicable

## Section 12 - Ecological information

#### 12.1 - Toxicity

These products are inert materials that remain stable overtime. No adverse effects of this material on the environment are anticipated.

#### 12.2 - Persistence and degradability

Not established

#### 12.3 - Bioaccumulative potential

Not established

#### 12.4 - Mobility in soil

No information available

#### 12.5 - Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).

This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

#### 12.6 - Endocrine Disrupting Properties

No additional information available

#### 12.7 - Other adverse effects

### Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

#### 13.1 - Disposal Considerations

To prevent waste materials from becoming airborne during waste storage, transportation and disposal, a covered container or plastic bagging is recommended.

Waste from these materials (even after use above 900°C) is not generally classified as hazardous waste and may be disposed of at a normal tipping site which has been licensed for the disposal of industrial waste. Taking into account any possible contamination during use, which may be classified as hazardous, expert guidance should be sought.

Such a waste is normally dusty (unless wetted) and so should be properly bagged and clearly labelled for disposal. At some tip sites dusty waste may be treated differently in order to ensure they are dealt with promptly and to avoid them being windblown.

Check for national and /or regional regulations to identify all applicable disposal requirements.

## Section 14 - Transport information

#### 14.1 - Transport information

Not classified as dangerous goods under relevant international transport regulations (Australian DG Code, ADR, RID, IATA, and IMDG). Ensure that dust is not windblown during transportation.

UN Number None Allocated DG Class None Allocated Subsidiary risk(s) None Allocated Packing Group None Allocated Hazchem Code None Allocated

## Definitions:

ADR Transport by road, council directive 94/55/EC IMDG Regulations relating to transport by sea RID Transport by rail, Council Directive 96/49/EC ICAO/IATA Regulations relating to transport by air

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

# Section 15 - Regulatory information

## 15.1 - Regulatory information

This SDS has been prepared in accordance with WHO GHS rev. 7 requirements. Where applicable, local regulations have been followed.

## Section 16 - Other Information

## 16.1 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND PRECAUTIONS TO BE CONSIDERED UPON REMOVAL OF AFTER SERVICE MATERIAL

## 16.2 - uses advised against

## 16.3 - NOTE

This Safety Data Sheet was originally produced in English and has subsequently been translated in to other languages; whilst every effort has been made to make this an accurate translation, please be aware that technical terms do not always translate correctly. The English version should always be considered as the reference version.

# 16.4 - Further Information

FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be found on

http://www.morganthermalceramics.com/

http://www.ecfia.eu/

http://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/sites/swa/about/publications/pages/workplace-exposure-standards-airborne-contaminants

## 16.5 - Technical Datasheets

# 16.6 - Revision Summary

Content checked and revision date updated

## 16.7 NOTICE

The information presented herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this Safety Data Sheet. However, no warranty or representation, express or implied, is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the foregoing data and safety information, nor is any authorization given or implied to practice any patented invention without a license. In addition, no responsibility can be assumed by the vendor for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the product.