

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

(Following Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006 & (EC) No 1272/2008)

SDS Number: 1001 Date of first issue: 01 February 1999 Date of last revision: 21 February 2022

## 1 - Identification of product

## 1.1 - Identification of Product

Tradenames: Batifix G, FireMaster Glue,

The above mentioned products are refractory glues.

## 1.2 - Use of Product

These products are used as jointing for binding fibre boards.

# 1.3 - Identification of Company

THERMAL CERAMICS LIMITED U.K.

Tebay Road, Bromborough Wirral, Merseyside CH62 3PH Tel.: +44 (0) 151 334 4030 Fax: +44 (0) 151 334 1684

## Website

www.morganthermalceramics.com sds.tc@morganplc.com

# 1.4 - Emergency information

Tel: + 44 (0) 7931 963 973

Language: English Opening hours: Only available during office hours

## 2 - Hazard Identification

#### 2.1 - Classification of the substance/ mixture

2.1.1 CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008

Not classified as hazardous according to Classification, Labelling and Packaging regulations (CLP) 1272/2008 EEC

# 2.2 - Labelling Elements

Not applicable

## 2.3 - Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains alkaline liquid, which is irritating to skin and could cause damage to eyes. Mild mechanical irritation to skin, eyes and upper respiratory system may result from exposure to high dust concentrations of dried product. These effects are usually temporary.

# 3 - Composition / Information On Ingredients

This product is a mixture of Alumino Silicate and Siliceous components in a water base.

COMPONENT	%	CAS Number	REACH Registration Number	Hazard Classification according to CLP
Sodium silicate MR>3.2	20-50	1344-09-8	01- 2119448725-31	Not classified
Alumino silicate	10-25	Not Applicable	Not yet available	Not classified
Amorphous silica	10-25	7631-86-9	01- 2119379499-16	Not classified
Organic charge	2.5-10	Not Applicable	Not yet available	Not classified
Water	< 50	7732-18-5	Not yet available	Not classified

None of the components are radioactive under the terms of European Directive Euratom 96/29.

## 4 - First-Aid measures

## 4.1 - Description of First Aid Measures.

#### Skir

May cause drying of the skin, Wash with mild soap and running water.

#### Eyes

In case of eye contact flush abundantly with water; have eye bath available. Do not rub eyes. Seek medical attention is irritation persists.

#### **Nose and Throat**

If these become irritated move to a dust free area, drink water and blow nose. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

# 4.2 - Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No symptoms or effects expected either acute or delayed

## 4.3 - Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

No special treatment required, if exposure occurs wash exposed areas to avoid irritation.

# 5 - Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1 - Extinguishing media

Use extinguishing agent suitable for surrounding combustible materials.

#### 5.2 - Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Aluminium, Zinc, Tin and its alloys as reaction evokes hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixture in the air.

#### 5.3 - Advice for firefighters

Packaging and surrounding materials may be combustible.

## 6 - Accidental Release Measures

# 6.1 - Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear suitable goggles, gloves and protective clothing.

# 6.2 - Environmental precautions

Remove bulk into marked container, Wash excess residue with large amounts of water.

Check for local regulations, which may apply.

#### 6.3 - Methods and materials for containment and clean up

Pick up large pieces and use a vacuum cleaner. If brushes are used, ensure that the area is wetted down first. Do not use compressed air for clean up. Do not allow to become windblown.

# 6.4 - Reference to other sections

## 7 - Handling and storage

# 7.1 - Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle wet product with bare hands. Handling of dried products can be a source of dust emission and therefore the processes should be designed to limit the amount of handling. Whenever possible, handling should be carried out under controlled conditions (i.e., using dust exhaust system).

Regular good housekeeping will minimise secondary dust dispersal.

# 7.2 - Conditions for safe storage

Store in original packaging in a dry area. Avoid freezing conditions and excessive heat, as properties may be impaired. Avoid damaging the packaging. Material supplied in plastic bucket.

# 7.3 - Specific end use

Please refer to your local Morgan Thermal Ceramics' supplier.

# 8 - Risk Management Measures / Exposures Controls / Personal Protection

## 8.1 - Control parameters

Industrial hygiene standards and occupational exposure limits vary between countries and local jurisdictions. Check which exposure levels apply to your facility and comply with local regulations. If no regulatory dust or other standards apply, a qualified industrial hygienist can assist with a specific workplace evaluation including recommendations for respiratory protection. Examples of national OELs (November 2014) are given in the table below.

	Tatal Dest	Dans Derit	1	
COUNTRY	(mg/m3)	Resp Dust (mg/m3)	Source	
Austria	10	6	Grenzwerteverordnung	
Belgium	10	3	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle – VLEP/ Grenswaarden voor beroepsmatige blootstelling – GWBB	
Denmark	10	5	Grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer	
Finland	No limit	No limit	Finnish Ministry of Social Affairs and Health	
France	10	5	Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité	
Germany*	10	1,25	TRGS 900	
Hungary	No limit	No limit	EüM-SZCSM rendelet	
Ireland	10	4	HAS – Ireland	
Italy	10	3	Uses EU values	
Luxembourg	10	6	Agents Chimiques, Cancérigènes Ou Mutagènes Au Travail	
Netherlands	10	5	SER	
Norway	10	5	Veiledning om administrative normer for forurensning i arbeidsatmosfære	
Poland	No limit	No limit	Dziennik Ustaw 2010	
Spain	10	3	INSHT	
Sweden	10	5	AFS 2005:17	
Switzerland	10	6	SUVA - Valeurs limites d'exposition aux postes de travail	
UK	10	4	EH40/2005	

#### Information on monitoring procedures

United Kingdom

MDHS 14/4 - "General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols"

MDHS 101 - "Crystalline silica in respirable airborne dusts"

NIOSH

NIOSH 0500 "Particulates not otherwise regulated, total" NIOSH 0600 "Particulates not otherwise regulated, respirable" NIOSH 7500 " Silica, Crystalline, by XRD (filter redeposition)"

## 8.2 - Exposure controls

# 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

## 8.2.2 - Personal Protective Equipment

Skin Protection

Use of gloves and work clothes is recommended.

Eye Protection

Wear safety glasses

Respiratory Protection

Use appropriate respiratory protective equipment (RPE) if necessary.

Information and Training of workers

Workers should be informed on:
• The requirements for the use of protective equipment and clothing.

Workers should be trained on:

• The proper use of protective equipment

# 8.2.3 - Environmental Exposure Controls

Refer to local, national or European applicable environmental standards for release to air water and soil. For waste, refer to section13

# 9 - Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State Colour

Odour Odour threshold

pH Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling point range Flash point

Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Vapour pressure

Vapour density Relative density Solubility(ies)

Partition co-efficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature Viscosity Particle Characteristics

Explosive properties
Oxidising properties

10 - Stability and Reactivity

10.1 - Reactivity

The material is stable and non reactive.

10.2 - Chemical Stability

The product is inorganic, stable and inert

10.3 - Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None

10.4 - Conditions to Avoid

Aluminium, Zinc, Tin and their alloys

10.5 - Incompatible Materials

Aluminium and its alloys

10.6 - Hazardous decomposition products

None

# 11 - Toxicological information

# Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution

11.1.1 BASIC TOXICOKINETICS

Exposure is predominantly by inhalation or ingestion, no chronic respiratory health effects are associated with any component in this mixture. Available toxicological information is as follows;

Not applicable

Not Applicable

Not determined

Not applicable

Not Applicable Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Slight Not applicable

Not Applicable

White paste Not applicable

None

11.1.2 HUMAN TOXICOLOGICAL DATA

No human data available

# 11.1 - Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

ACUTE TOXICITY

Lethal dose 50 % (LD50) / lethal concentration 50% (LC50): N.A.

CHRONIC TOXICITY No effects reported

# 12 - Ecological information

# 12.1 - Toxicity

These products are inert materials that remain stable overtime. No adverse effects of this material on the environment are anticipated.

# 12.2 - Persistence and degradability

Not established

## 12.3 - Bioaccumulative potential

Not established

# 12.4 - Mobility in soil

No information available

## 12.5 - Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).

This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

# 12.6 - Endocrine Disrupting Properties

No additional information available

12.7 - Other adverse effects

## 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste from these materials may be generally disposed off at a landfill, which has been licensed for this purpose. Please refer to the European list (Decision N° 2000/532/CE as modified) to identify your appropriate waste number, and insure national and/or regional regulations are complied with

Unless wetted, such a waste is normally dusty and so should be properly sealed in containers for disposal. At some authorised disposal sites, dusty waste may be treated differently in order to ensure they are dealt with promptly to avoid them being windblown. Check for any national and/or regional regulations, which may apply.

#### 14 - Transport information

# 14.1. UN number

Not Applicable

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not Applicable

#### 14.4. Packing group

Not Applicable

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not Applicable

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not Applicable

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not Applicable

# 15 - Regulatory information

#### 15.1 - Safety health and environment regulations/legislation specific for the substances or mixtures

- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 dated 18th December 2006 on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 dated 20th January 2009 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (OJ L 353)
- Annex of Regulation (EU) 2015/830
- Commission regulation (EC) No 790/2009 of 10 August 2009 amending, for the purposes of its adaptation to technical and scientific progress, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.

  - The 1st Adaptation to Technical Progress (ATP) to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 enters into force on 25 September 2009.

#### PROTECTION OF WORKERS

Shall be in accordance with several European Directives as amended and their implementations by the Member States:

- a) Council Directive 89/391/EEC dated 12 June 1989 "on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work" (OJEC (Official Journal of the European Community) L 183 of 29 June 1989, p.1).
- b) Council Directive 98/24/EC dated 7 April 1998 "on the protection of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work" (OJEC L 131 of 5 May 1998, p.11).

## OTHER POSSIBLE REGULATIONS

Member States are in charge of implementing European Directives into their own national regulation within a period of time normally given in the Directive. Member States may impose more stringent requirements. Please always refer to any national regulation.

## 15.2 - Chemical Safety Assessment

# 16 - Other Information

This cement is used as cement for Ceramic fibre. Optimal safety equipment for these fibre products should be used when working with the cement.

High concentrations of dust may be generated when after-service products are mechanically disturbed during operations such as wrecking, it is recommended that: a)- control measures are taken to reduce dust emissions and b)- all personnel directly involved wear an adapted respirator to minimise exposure and comply with local regulatory limits

For more information connect to:

The Morgan Thermal Ceramics' website: (http://www.morganthermalceramics.com/)

Or ECFIA's website: (http://www.ecfia.eu)

# **Revision Summary**

Update to section 1 - addition and\or removal of trade names

## Technical data sheets

For more information on individual products please see the relevant technical data sheet available from http://www.morganthermalceramics.com/downloads/datasheets

The information presented herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this Material Safety Data Sheet. However safe as provided by law, no warranty or representation, express or implied, is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the foregoing data and safety information, nor is any authorisation given or implied to practice any patented invention without a licence. In addition, no responsibility can be assumed by the vendor for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the product (however, this shall not act to restrict the vendor's potential liability for negligence or under statute).