

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

(Following Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006 & (EC) No 1272/2008)

SDS Number: 725 Date of first issue: 29 June 2021 Date of last revision: 21 February 2022

### 1 - Identification of product

### 1.1 - Identification of Product

Tradenames: WDS Ultra H,

#### 1.2 - Use of Product

Application as thermal insulation. (Please refer to specific technical data sheet for more information)

Porextherm Dämmstoffe GmbH,

### 1.3 - Identification of Company

Distributor:

### Manufacturer:

Germany

Heisinger Str. 8/10, D87437 Kempten

THERMAL CERAMICS

LIMITED Tebay Road, Bromborough,

Wirral, CH62 3PH,

UK

Tel.: +44 (0) 151 334 4030 Fax: +44 (0) 151 334 1684 Telephone: +49 (0)831-575360 Fax: +49 (0)8310575363 www.porextherm.com,

info@porextherm.com

# Website

www.morganthermalceramics.com sds.tc@morganplc.com

# 1.4 - Emergency information

Tel: + 44 (0) 7931 963 973

Language: English
Opening hours: Only available during office hours

# 2 - Hazard Identification

# 2.1 - Classification of the substance/ mixture

2.1.1 CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008 Classified as category 2 Causes serious eye damage / eye irritation

## 2.2 - Labelling Elements



Hazard pictogram (CLP):

Signal Word:

Warning H319: Causes serious eye irritation Hazard statements:

**Precautionary Statements** 

Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection.

P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue

rinsing. P337 +P313:

If eye irritations persists: Get Medical advice / attention.

## 2.3 - Other hazards which do not result in classification

# 3 - Composition / Information On Ingredients

| COMPONENT        | %     | CAS Number | REACH<br>Registration<br>Number | Hazard Classification according to CLP  |
|------------------|-------|------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Fumed Silica     | 50-70 | 7631-86-9  | Not yet available               | Not classified                          |
| Silicon Carbide  | 10-30 | 409-21-2   | Not yet available               | Not classified                          |
| Calcium Silicate | 10-30 | 10101-39-0 | Not yet available               | H319 - causes serious<br>eye irritation |
| Silica Fibre     | <10   | N/A        | Not yet<br>available            | Not classified                          |

None of the components are radioactive under the terms of European Directive Euratom 96/29.

### 4 - First-Aid measures

# Skin

In case of skin irritation rinse affected areas with water and wash gently. Do not rub or scratch exposed skin.

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In case of eye contact flush abundantly with water; have eye bath available. Do not rub eyes. Seek medical attention is irritation persists.

### Nose and Throat

Typically no exposure pathway.

If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

### 4.2 - Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

### 4.3 - Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

No special treatment required, if exposure occurs wash exposed areas to avoid irritation.

### 5 - Fire-fighting measures

## 5.1 - Extinguishing media

Use extinguishing agent suitable for surrounding combustible materials.

### 5.2 - Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non combustible products. However, virgin product encapsulation may burn and produce gases and/or fumes.

### 5.3 - Advice for firefighters

Packaging and surrounding materials may be combustible.

### 6 - Accidental Release Measures

### 6.1 - Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Where abnormally high dust concentrations occur, provide the workers with appropriate protective equipment as detailed in section 8. Restore the situation to normal as quickly as possible.

### 6.2 - Environmental precautions

Normally not necessary

### 6.3 - Methods and materials for containment and clean up

Pick up large pieces and use a vacuum cleaner. If brushes are used, ensure that the area is wetted down first. Do not use compressed air for clean up. Do not allow to become windblown.

# 6.4 - Reference to other sections

For further information, please refer to sections 7 and 8

# 7 - Handling and storage

# 7.1 - Precautions for safe handling

Handling can be a source of dust emission and therefore the processes should be designed to limit the amount of handling. Whenever possible, handling should be carried out under controlled conditions (i.e., using dust exhaust system).

Regular good housekeeping will minimise secondary dust dispersal.

# 7.2 - Conditions for safe storage

Store in original packaging in a dry area. Always use sealed and clearly labelled containers. Avoid damaging containers. Reduce dust emission during unpacking.

# 7.3 - Specific end use

The main application of these products is as thermal insulation. Please refer to your local Morgan Thermal Ceramics' supplier.

# 8 - Risk Management Measures / Exposures Controls / Personal Protection

### 8.1 - Control parameters

Industrial hygiene standards and occupational exposure limits vary between countries and local jurisdictions. Check which exposure levels apply to your facility and comply with local regulations. If no regulatory dust or other standards apply, a qualified industrial hygienist can assist with a specific workplace evaluation including recommendations for respiratory protection. Examples of national OELs (November 2014) are given in the table below.

|             | Total                | Resp                 | Amorphous<br>Silica  |                      |         |  |
|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------|--|
| COUNTRY     | Dust                 | Dust                 | (total)              | (resp)               | (total) | Source   |
|             | (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) | (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) | (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) | (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) | (mg/m³) |  |
| India       | 10                   | -                    | -                    | -                    |         | Directorate<br>General Factory<br>Advice Service &<br>Labour Industries<br>(DFGASLI)                   |
| China       | 8                    |                      | 1                    | 0.7                  |         | GBZ 2.1-2019   |
| Japan       | 8                    | 4                    | 2                    | 1                    | 4       | The Japan<br>Society for<br>Occupational<br>Health (JSOH)  |
| South Korea | 10                   | -                    | 10                   | 0.1                  | 10      | K-OSHA Value   |
| UAE         | 10                   | 2                    | 10                   | 3                    | 10      | Abu Dhabi<br>Occupational<br>Safety and<br>Health System<br>Framework<br>(OSHAD-SF) v<br>3.0 July 2016 |
| Australia   | 10                   | 2                    | 10                   | 2                    | 10      | Workplace<br>Exposure<br>Standards for<br>Airbourne<br>Contaminants,<br>Dec 2019                       |

### Information on monitoring procedures

United Kingdom

MDHS 14/4 - "General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols"

#### NIOSH

NIOSH 0500 "Particulates not otherwise regulated, total" NIOSH 0600 "Particulates not otherwise regulated, respirable"

# 8.2 - Exposure controls

# 8.2.1 APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Review your applications in order to identify potential sources of dust exposure.

Local exhaust ventilation, which collects dust at source, can be used. For example down draft tables, emission controlling tools and materials handling equipment.

Keep the workplace clean. Use a vacuum cleaner. Avoid brushing and compressed air.

If necessary, consult an industrial hygienist to design workplace controls and practices.
The use of products specially tailored to your application(s) will help to control dust. Some products can be delivered ready for use to avoid further cutting or machining. Some could be pretreated or packaged to minimise or avoid dust release during handling Consult your supplier for further details

# 8.2.2 - Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face protection:

Normally not necessary

Skin protection:

Normally not necessary If applicable leather gloves and protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes, long-sleeved protective working garments)

Respiratory protection:

Normally not necessary If OEL's are exceeded, if applicable, filter P2 (EN143), observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

## 8.2.3 - Environmental Exposure Controls

Refer to local, national or European applicable environmental standards for release to air water and soil.

For waste, refer to section13

# 9 - Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties Not applicable State Grey solid Colour Not applicable Odour None **Odour threshold** Not Applicable Not applicable рΗ Melting point/freezing point > 1200°C Initial boiling point and boiling point range Not applicable Flash point Not applicable **Evaporation rate** Not Applicable Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Not applicable Vapour pressure Not applicable Vapour density Not Applicable Relative density 150-600 kg/m3 Solubility(ies) Not soluble in water Partition co-efficient: n-octanol/water Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
Viscosity
Other safety information
Particle Characteristics
Explosive properties
Oxidising properties

## 10 - Stability and Reactivity

### 10.1 - Reactivity

The material is stable.

#### 10.2 - Chemical Stability

The product is inorganic, stable and inert

#### 10.3 - Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None

#### 10.4 - Conditions to Avoid

Please refer to handling and storage advice in Section 7

### 10.5 - Incompatible Materials

None

## 10.6 - Hazardous decomposition products

Products with encapsulation (PE foil, glass cloth), will, on initial heating above 150°C, release a limited quantity of carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and traces of other organic compounds. During this initial heating any organic components in the encapsulation will be burned off and subsequent heating will not release any hazardous decomposition materials.

Not applicable

Not Applicable

Not Applicable Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

## 11 - Toxicological information

# Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution

# 11.1.1 BASIC TOXICOKINETICS

Exposure is not expected during normal use due to nature of the products, exposure during removal may be possible, predominantly by inhalation or ingestion, available toxicological information is as follows:

## 11.1.2 HUMAN TOXICOLOGICAL DATA

No clear evidence of lung problems is attributable to exposure to alumina particles in spite of widespread and, in some cases, substantial exposure in various sectors of industry.

# 11.1 - Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

# ACUTE TOXICITY

Lethal dose 50 % (LD50) >5000 mg/kg Rat OECD 401 (acute oral toxicity)

Lethal concentration 50% (LC50): 7.6 mg/l/1h Rat OECD 403 (acute inhalation toxicity)

# EXPERIMENTAL STUDIES

In animal studies, no fibrosis or other lung effects was observed following repeated inhalation exposure levels of 20 mg/m³ and above. Although some absorption may occur from inhaled particles, there is no evidence that this is sufficient to cause systemic effects and any link with Alzheimer's disease is considered to be remote.

# 12 - Ecological information

### 12.1 - Toxicity

These products are inert materials that remain stable overtime. No adverse effects of this material on the environment are anticipated.

# 12.2 - Persistence and degradability

Not established

### 12.3 - Bioaccumulative potential

Not established

### 12.4 - Mobility in soil

No information available

# 12.5 - Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).

This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

# 12.6 - Endocrine Disrupting Properties

No additional information available

### 12.7 - Other adverse effects

# 13 - Disposal Considerations

### 13.1 - Disposal Considerations

# 14 - Transport information

# 14.1 - Transport information

# 15 - Regulatory information

### 15.1 - Regulatory information

# 16 - Other Information

# 16.1 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND PRECAUTIONS TO BE CONSIDERED UPON REMOVAL OF AFTER SERVICE MATERIAL

16.2 - uses advised against

16.3 - NOTE

16.4 - Further Information

16.5 - Technical Datasheets

16.6 - Revision Summary

16.7 - NOTICE