

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(Following Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006 & (EC) No 1272/2008)

SDS Number: DC5 Date of first issue: 01 October 2018 Date of last revision: 21 February 2022

1 - Identification of product

1.1 - Identification of Product

Tradenames: Fused Silica Castable,

The above mentioned products are dense castables.

1.2 - Use of Product

This product is a monolithic refractory used in lining industrial furnaces, high temperature processing, kilns and metal melting applications.

1.3 - Identification of Company

IDENTIFICATION OF THE MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER

Murugappa Morgan Thermal Ceramics Ltd., Plot No: 26 & 27, SIPCOT Industrial complex, Ranipet, Vellore District, Tamil Nadu, India Pin: 632403

Website

www.morganthermalceramics.com sds.tc@morganplc.com

1.4 - Emergency information

EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER

Tel 1: +91 (4172) 244 313 extn no. 215 or 201 Language: English

Opening hours: Only available during office hours

Murugappa Morgan Thermal Ceramics Ltd., Plot No: 681, Motibhoyan Village, Sanand-Kalol state Highway, Kalol Taluk, Gandhi Nagar District, Gujarat, India

2 - Hazard Identification

2.1 - Classification of the substance/ mixture

ACUTE EFFECTS

Mild mechanical irritation to skin, eyes and upper respiratory system may result from exposure.

These effects are usually temporary

When mixed with water, an increase in pH will occur. Alkaline mix may be irritating to skin and could cause

damage to eyes.

Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma or chronic lung disease might be aggravated by exposure.

2.2 - Labelling Elements

2.3 - Other hazards which do not result in classification

CHRONIC EFFECTS FOR CRYSTALLINE SILICA

These products may contain minimal amounts of crystalline silica. Prolonged/repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause delayed lung injury (silicosis).

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) states that there is "sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources to classify crystalline silica as carcinogenic to humans (Group 1)". (Monograph V 68) In making the overall evaluation the Working Group noted however that carcinogenicity in humans was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied.

3 - Composition / Information On Ingredients

These products are hydraulic setting low iron castables.

COMPONENT	% by weight	CAS No.	REACH Registration Number	Hazard Classification according to CLP
Fused silica	50-70	60676-86-0	Not available	Not classified as hazardous
Cement	> 20	65997-16-2	Not available	Not classified as hazardous
Commissioning additives	< 0.5	Not Applicable	Not available	Not classified as hazardous

None of the components are radioactive under the terms of European Directive Euratom 96/29.

4 - First-Aid measures

Skin

In case of skin irritation rinse affected areas with water and wash gently. Do not rub or scratch exposed skin.

In case of eye contact flush abundantly with water; have eye bath available. Do not rub eyes.

Nose and Throat

If these become irritated move to a dust free area, drink water and blow nose. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.2 - Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- In case of contact with the skin: This product might cause skin rash.
- In case of contact with eyes: This product might irritate the eyes.
- In case of inhaling: Not applicable.
- In case of ingestion: Could cause stomach and digestion problems.

4.3 - Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

No special treatment required, if exposure occurs wash exposed areas to avoid irritation.

5 - Fire-fighting measures

5.1 - Extinguishing media

Non-combustible products. Fire protection class: 0

Packaging and surrounding materials could be combustible.

Use extinguishing agent suitable for surrounding combustible materials.

5.2 - Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible products,

5.3 - Advice for firefighters

Packaging and surrounding materials may be combustible.

6 - Accidental Release Measures

6.1 - Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear suitable goggles, gloves and protective clothing.

6.2 - Environmental precautions

Prevent further dust dispersion for example by dampening the materials

Do not flush spillage to drain.

Check for local regulations, which may apply.

6.3 - Methods and materials for containment and clean up

Pick up large pieces and use a vacuum cleaner fitted with a high efficiency filter (HEPA)

If brushing is used, ensure that the area is wetted down first.

Do not use compressed air for clean up.

Do not allow to be windblown.

6.4 - Reference to other sections

For further information, please refer to sections 7 and 8

7 - Handling and storage

7.1 - Precautions for safe handling

Handling of dried product can be a source of dust emission and therefore the processes should be designed to limit the amount of handling. Whenever possible, handling should be carried out under controlled conditions (i.e., using dust exhaust system).

Regular good housekeeping will minimise secondary dust dispersal.

7.2 - Conditions for safe storage

- Technical means: Does not require any particular technical means.

Products in plastic containers must not be stacked.

- Storage conditions: For good conservation, the product should be stored at room temperature.

Containers must be kept sealed.

Avoid all contact with highly concentrated acidic products.

- Incompatible materials: Not applicable.
 Packaging conditions: The product must be kept in its original packaging.
- Packaging materials: Factory packaging, PP or PE.

7.3 - Specific end use

Please refer to your local Morgan Thermal Ceramics' supplier.

8 - Risk Management Measures / Exposures Controls / Personal Protection

8.1 - Control parameters

Industrial hygiene standards and occupational exposure limits vary between countries and local jurisdictions. Check which exposure levels apply to your facility. If no regulatory dust or other standards apply, a qualified industrial hygienist can assist with a specific workplace evaluation including recommendations for respiratory protection. Examples of exposure limits for respirable dust (in November 2014) are given below:

COUNTRY	Total Dust (mg/m3)	Resp Dust (mg/m3)	Quartz (mg/m3)	Cristobalite (mg/m3)	Source
EU BOELV			0.1	0.1	Carcinogens and Mutagens Directive (Directive 2004/37/EC)
Belgium	10	3	0.1	0.05	Ministerie van Sociale Zaken en Werkgelegenheid
Denmark	10	5	0.10	0.05	Direktoratet fot Arbeidstilsynet
Finland	10	No limit	0.05	0.05	National Board of Labour Protection
France	10	5	0.10	0.05	Ministère du Travail
Germany	10	0.5^	0.05*	0.05*	Bundesministerium für Arbeit und Soziales
Italy	10	3	0.1	0.1	Decreto Legislativo 1 giugno 2020 n. 44
Netherlands	10	5	0.075	0.075	Ministerie van Sociale Zaken en Werkgelegenheid
Norway	10	5	0.10	0.05	Direktoratet for Arbeidstilsynet
Poland	10	No limit	0.1	0.1	Regulation of the Minister of Labour and Social
Romania		10	0.10	0.05	Government Decision regarding carcinogenic agents (in Annex 3: Quartz, Cristobalite, Tridymite).
Spain	10	3	0.05	0.05	Instrucciones de Técnicas Complementarias (ITC)
Sweden		5	0.10	0.05	National Board of Occupational Safety and Health
UK	10	4	0.10	0.10	Health & Safety Executive

[^] Defined for a density of 1 g/cm³, i.e. for minerals with a common density of 2,5 g/cm³, a calculated OEL of 1,25 mg/m³ applies.

Information on monitoring procedures

United Kingdom

MDHS 14/4 - "General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols" MDHS 95/2 - "Measurement of personal exposure of metalworking machine operators to airborne water-mix metalworking fluid"

MDHS 101 - "Crystalline silica in respirable airborne dusts"

NIOSH

NIOSH 0500 "Particulates not otherwise regulated, total"

NIOSH 0600 "Particulates not otherwise regulated, respirable" NIOSH 7500 " Silica, Crystalline, by XRD (filter redeposition)"

Review your applications in order to identify potential sources of exposure. If necessary, conduct personal air monitoring. Use technical and/or organisational means to comply with regulations.

8.2.2 - Personal Protective Equipment

Skin protection:

Use of gloves and work clothes is recommended.

Soiled clothes should be cleaned before being taken off (e.g. use vacuum cleaning, not compressed air).

Eye protection:

As necessary wear goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

Respiratory protection: For dust concentrations below the exposure limit value, RPE is not required but FFP2 respirators may be used on a voluntary basis.

For short-term operations where excursions are less than ten times the limit value use FFP2 respirators.

In case of higher concentrations or where the concentration is not known, please seek advice from your company and/or local Thermal Ceramics' supplier.

INFORMATION AND TRAINING OF WORKERS

Workers should be trained on good working practices and informed on applicable local regulations

8.2.3 - Environmental Exposure Controls

Refer to local, national or European applicable environmental standards for release to air water and soil. For waste, refer to section13

^{*}Assessment Citerion (reference value)

9 - Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Not applicable Mix of white aggregates and fine powders

Not applicable

Not applicable Not applicable

> 1500°C

State

Colour Odour **Odour threshold**

рΗ Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling point range Not applicable Flash point Not applicable **Evaporation rate** Not applicable Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Not applicable Not applicable Vapour pressure Vapour density Not applicable Relative density > 1.50 T/m³ Solubility(ies) Not applicable

Partition co-efficient: n-octanol/water Not applicable **Auto-ignition temperature** Not applicable **Decomposition temperature** Not applicable Viscosity Not applicable

Other safety information No further relevant information available.

Particle Characteristics Not applicable **Explosive properties** Not applicable Not applicable **Oxidising properties**

10 - Stability and Reactivity

10.1 - Reactivity

The material is stable and non reactive.

10.2 - Chemical Stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions.

10.3 - Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

No known hazardous reactions under regular conditions of use. See technical data sheet.

10.4 - Conditions to Avoid

Careful heat up of the product is essential to avoid rapid loss of the chemical combined water during heat up (see section 16).

10.5 - Incompatible Materials

10.6 - Hazardous decomposition products

Upon heating above 900°C for sustained periods, this amorphous material begins to transform to mixtures of crystalline phases. For further information please refer to Section 16.

11 - Toxicological information

Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution

11.1 - Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

ACUTE TOXICITY

Lethal dose 50 % (LD50) / lethal concentration 50% (LC50): N.A.

CHRONIC TOXICITY

As manufactured, these products may contain a minimal amount of crystalline silica.

Experimental study:

Animals exposed to very high concentrations of crystalline silica, artificially or by inhalation, have reported fibrosis and tumours (IARC Monographs 42 and 68). Inhalation and intratracheal installation of crystalline silica in rats caused lung cancer. However, studies in other species such as mice and hamsters caused no lung cancer. Crystalline silica also caused fibrosis in rats and hamsters in several inhalation and intratracheal installation studies.

Epidemiology:

Prolonged/repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause delayed lung injury (silicosis). In evaluating crystalline silica as a cancer risk, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) reviewed several studies from different industries and concluded that crystalline silica from occupational sources inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1) [IARC Monograph vol.68; June 1997].

However, in reaching its conclusion, IARC stated that the carcinogenicity in humans could not be found in all industries reviewed and that carcinogenicity might be dependent on inherent characteristics of crystalline silica or on external factors affecting biological activity (e.g., cigarette smoking) or distribution of its

12 - Ecological information

12.1 - Toxicity

12.2 - Persistence and degradability

Not established

12.3 - Bioaccumulative potential

Not established

12.4 - Mobility in soil

No information available

12.5 - Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).

This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 - Endocrine Disrupting Properties

No additional information available

12.7 - Other adverse effects

13 - Disposal Considerations

13.1 - Disposal Considerations

14 - Transport information

14.1 - Transport information

14.1. UN number

Not Applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not Applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not Applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not Applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not Applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not Applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not Applicable

15 - Regulatory information

15.1 - Regulatory information

This SDS has been prepared in accordance with WHO GHS rev. 6 requirements. Where applicable, local regulations have been followed.

16 - Other Information

16.1 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND PRECAUTIONS TO BE CONSIDERED UPON REMOVAL OF AFTER SERVICE MATERIAL

16.2 - uses advised against

16.3 - NOTE

This Safety Data Sheet was originally produced in English and has subsequently been translated in to other languages; whilst every effort has been made to make this an accurate translation, please be aware that technical terms do not always translate correctly. The English version should always be considered as the reference version.

16.4 - Further Information

FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be found on

http://www.morganthermalceramics.com/

http://www.ecfia.eu/

http://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/sites/swa/about/publications/pages/workplace-exposure-standards-airborne-contaminants. The properties of the propertie

16.5 - Technical Datasheets

16.6 - Revision Summary

Content checked and revision date updated

16.7 - NOTICE

The information presented herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this Safety Data Sheet. However, no warranty or representation, express or implied, is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the foregoing data and safety information, nor is any authorization given or implied to practice any patented invention without a license. In addition, no responsibility can be assumed by the vendor for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the product.